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| APPLICATION NO. | FILING DATE | FIRST NAMED INVENTOR | ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. | CONFIRMATION NO. |
|--|-------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|
| 10/717,456 | 11/21/2003 | Susumu Fujioka | 244641US2CONT | 8050 |
| 22850 7590 05/22/2007 OBLON, SPIVAK, MCCLELLAND, MAIER & NEUSTADT, P.C. 1940 DUKE STREET | | | EXAMINER | |
| | | | FATAHI YAR, MAHMOUD | |
| ALEXANDRIA, VA 22314 | | | ART UNIT | PAPER NUMBER |
| | | | 2629 | |
| | | | | |
| | | | NOTIFICATION DATE | DELIVERY MODE |
| | | | 05/22/2007 | ELECTRONIC |

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

patentdocket@oblon.com oblonpat@oblon.com jgardner@oblon.com

| | Application No. | Applicant(s) | | | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 10/717,456 | FUJIOKA, SUSUMU | | | | | |
| Office Action Summary | Examiner | Art Unit | | | | | |
| · | Mike Fatahiyar | 2629 | | | | | |
| | The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address | | | | | | |
| Period for Reply | | | | | | | |
| A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). | ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE | N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133). | | | | | |
| Status | | | | | | | |
| 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 Fe | 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>28 February 2007</u> . | | | | | | |
| 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☑ This | This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final. | | | | | | |
| | 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is | | | | | | |
| closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. | | | | | | | |
| Disposition of Claims | | | | | | | |
| 4) Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application. | | | | | | | |
| 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. | | | | | | | |
| 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. | | | | | | |
| 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. | 6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. | | | | | | |
| 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. | | | | | | | |
| 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. | | | | | | | |
| Application Papers | | | | | | | |
| 9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examine | г. | | | | | | |
| 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. | | | | | | | |
| Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). | | | | | | | |
| Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). | | | | | | | |
| 11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. | | | | | | | |
| Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 | | | | | | | |
| 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: | | | | | | | |
| 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. | | | | | | | |
| 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No | | | | | | | |
| 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage | | | | | | | |
| application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). | | | | | | | |
| * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. | | | | | | | |
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| Attachment(s) | | | | | | | |
| 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) | 4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D | | | | | | |
| 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 2/12/07. | 5) Notice of Informal F 6) Other: | | | | | | |

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DETAILED ACTION

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over lura et al(5,617,312) in view of Dunthorn(5,317,140).

lura et al disclose a method and an apparatus for inputting information including coordinate data comprising a camera(100) mounted on top of a display device(202), an object extracting device(106) for extracting a predetermined object and recognizing the shape of the predetermined object(column 3, lines 59-67), a motion detector device(107) for detecting a motion of the predetermined object(column 4, lines 32-65) and for determining whether to input a predetermined information(column 5, lines 1-9).

In claims 1, 3 and 5, as to the limitation "determining whether the predetermined object is within a predetermined distance from the display", such is also inherently the case in lura et al because their system like the presently claimed inventions use camera having an extracting feature for determining a predetermined object above the plane of the display. Iura et al substantially show all the feature of the above claims except for the "providing at least two cameras located at respective corners of a display" and "calculating angles of views of each of the at least two cameras for calculating the

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coordinates of the predetermined object". However, Donthorn is cited to show that the concept of utilizing at least two cameras located at respective corners of a display device(column 6, lines 5-37; column 7, lines 6-54) for determining a position of an object based on the viewing angles of the cameras(i.e., triangulation; column 7, lines 18-38). Thus, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the system of lura et al with the above noted teachings of Dunthorn such that to provide two cameras at respective corners of the display device (202) for determining the position of the object based on the viewing angles of the cameras because both references are related to determination of the position of an object based on feature extraction of the object by utilizing camres.

3. Applicant's arguments filed 1/19/07 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. Applicant in his remarks has argued that "lura et al utilize the front facing camera(100) to look at the motion of a person, but in lura a motion relative to a plane of a display is completely irrelevant. Therefor, lura does not disclose or suggest, and actually teaches away from, determining whether the predetermined object is within a predetermined distance from the plane of the display". As pointed out above, such is inherently also the case in lura et al because their system like the presently claimed inventions use camera having an extracting feature for determining the location of a predetermined object(e.g., finger or pen) above the plane of the display, as opposed to conventional scanning light beams or acoustic waves touch panels which require detection of an actual touchdown on the display. Thus, the touch detection system of

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lura et al like the presently claimed inventions determine the location of a predetermined object within a predetermined distance above the plane of the display device.

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mike Fatahiyar whose telephone number is (571)272-7688. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday from 9:30 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Richard Hjerpe, can be reached on 571-272-7691. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2600

M. Fatahiyar May 11, 2007